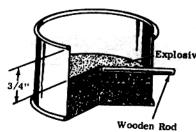
14 Section 1

FERTILIZER EXPLOSIVE

2. Place the wooden rod in the hole and position the end of the rod at the center of the can.

3. Press explosive into the can, being sure to surround the rod, until it is 3/4 inch (2 cm) from top of the can. Carefully remove the wooden rod.

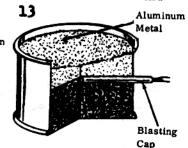


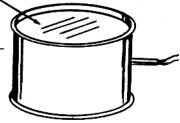
4. Place the aluminum metal on top of the explosive.

 Just before use, insert the blasting cap into the cavity made by the rod. The initiator is now ready for use.

> Cardboard Disk Insert For Handling Purposes

NOTE: If it is desired to carry the initiator some distance, cardboard may be pressed on top of the aluminum to insure against loss of material.

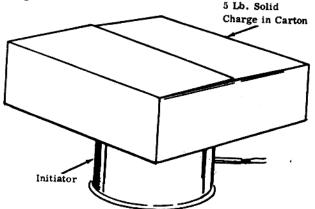




HOW TO USE:

This particular unit works quite well to initiate charges of five pounds of flour, 1/2 gallon (1-2/3 liters) of gasoline or two pounds of flake painters aluminum. The solid materials may merely be contained in sacks or cardboard cartons. The gasoline may be placed in plastic-coated paper milk cartons, plastic or glass bottles. The charges are placed directly on top of the initiator and the blasting cap is actuated electrically or by fuse depending on the type of cap employed. This will destroy a 2,000 cubic feet enclosure (building 10 x 20 x 10 feet).

NOTE: For larger enclosures, use proportionately larger initiators and charges.



An explosive munition can be made from fertilizer grade ammonium nitrate and either fuel oil or a mixture of equal parts of motor oil and gasoline. When properly prepared, this explosive munition can be detonated with a blasting cap.

Explosive MATERIAL REQUIRED:

Ammonium nitrate (not less than 32% nitrogen)
Fuel oil or gasoline and motor oil (1:1 ratio)
Two flat boards. (At least one of these should be comfortably held in the hand, i.e. 2 x 4 and 36 x 36.)

Bucket or other container for mixing ingredients Iron or steel pipe or bottle, tin can or heavy-walled cardboard tube

Wooden rod - 1/4 in, diameter Spoon or similar measuring conte^aner

PROCEDURE:

1. Spread a han II of the ammonium nitrate on the large flat board and rub vigorously with the other board until the large particles are crushed into a very fine powder that looks like flour (approx. 10 min).



 $\begin{array}{c} NOTE\colon \ \, \text{Proceed with Step 2 as soon as possible since} \\ \text{the powder may} \ \ \, \text{take moisture from the air and become spoiled.} \end{array}$

2. Mix one measure (cup, table-spoon, etc.) of fuel oil with 16 measures of the finely ground ammonium nitrate in a dry bucket or other suitable container and stir with the wooden rod. If fuel oil is not available, use one half measure of gasoline and one half measure of motor oil. Store in a waterproof container until ready to use.



3. Spoon this mixture into an iron or steel pipe which has an end cap threaded on one end. If a pipe is not available, you may use a dry tin can, a glass jar or a heavy-walled cardboard tube.

